PolyOne Investor Presentation

Goldman Sachs 2015 US Emerging/

SMID Cap Growth Conference

November 2015





Forward-Looking Statements

- In this presentation, statements that are not reported financial results or other historical information are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements give current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance. They are based on management's expectations that involve a number of business risks and uncertainties, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. They use words such as "will," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance and/or sales.
- Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:
 - The final amount of charges resulting from the planned North American asset realignment and the Company's ability to realize anticipated savings and operational benefits from the asset realignment;
 - Our ability to achieve the strategic and other objectives relating to the acquisition of Spartech Corporation, including any expected synergies;
 - Our ability to successfully integrate Spartech and achieve the expected results of the acquisition, including, without limitation, the acquisition being accretive;
 - ✓ Disruptions, uncertainty or volatility in the credit markets that could adversely impact the availability of credit already arranged and the availability and cost of credit in the future:
 - ✓ The financial condition of our customers, including the ability of customers (especially those that may be highly leveraged and those with inadequate liquidity) to maintain their credit availability:
 - The speed and extent of an economic recovery, including the recovery of the housing market;
 - Our ability to achieve new business gains;
 - ✓ The effect on foreign operations of currency fluctuations, tariffs, and other political, economic and regulatory risks;
 - Changes in polymer consumption growth rates in the markets where we conduct business;
 - Changes in global industry capacity or in the rate at which anticipated changes in industry capacity come online;
 - ✓ Fluctuations in raw material prices, quality and supply and in energy prices and supply;
 - Production outages or material costs associated with scheduled or unscheduled maintenance programs;
 - ✓ Unanticipated developments that could occur with respect to contingencies such as litigation and environmental matters;
 - An inability to achieve or delays in achieving or achievement of less than the anticipated financial benefit from initiatives related to working capital reductions, cost reductions, employee productivity goals, and an inability to raise or sustain prices for products or services;
 - An inability to raise or sustain prices for products or services;
 - ✓ An inability to maintain appropriate relations with unions and employees;
 - ✓ The inability to achieve expected results from our acquisition activities;
 - Our ability to continue to pay cash dividends;
 - ✓ The amount and timing of repurchases of our common shares, if any; and
 - Other factors affecting our business beyond our control, including, without limitation, changes in the general economy, changes in interest rates and changes in the rate of inflation.
- The above list of factors is not exhaustive.
- We undertake no obligation to publicly update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You are advised to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our reports on Form 10-Q, 8-K and 10-K that we provide to the Securities and Exchange Commission.



Use of Non-GAAP Measures

- This presentation includes the use of both GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles) and non-GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures include: adjusted EPS, earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA, net debt, Specialty platform operating income, Specialty platform gross margin percentage, adjusted operating income, return on invested capital, net debt/ EBITDA, and the exclusion of corporate charges in certain calculations. In certain cases throughout this presentation.
- PolyOne's chief operating decision maker uses these financial measures to monitor and evaluate the ongoing performance of the Company and each business segment and to allocate resources. In addition, operating income before special items and adjusted EPS are components of various PolyOne annual and long-term employee incentive plans.
- A reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure with the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is attached to this presentation which is posted on our website at www.polyone.com.



PolyOne Commodity to Specialty Transformation

2000-2005

2006 - 2009

2010 - 2014

2015 and beyond

- Volume driven, commodity producer
- Heavily tied to cyclical end markets
- Performance largely dependent on noncontrolling joint ventures

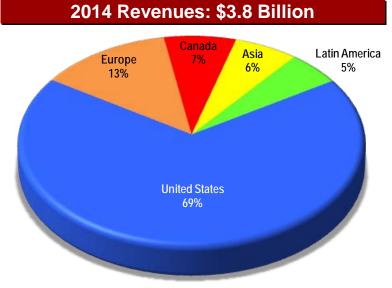
- Steve Newlin appointed, Chairman, President and CEO
- New leadership team appointed
- Implementation of four pillar strategy
- Focus on value based selling, investment in commercial resources and innovation to drive transformation

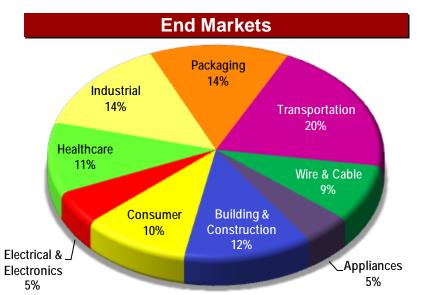
- Substantial EPS growth from \$0.13 to all-time high of \$1.80
- Shift to faster growing, high margin, less cyclical end markets
- Key acquisitions propel current and future growth, as well as margin expansion
- Specialty mix expands to 65% of Operating Income – strongest mix of earnings in history

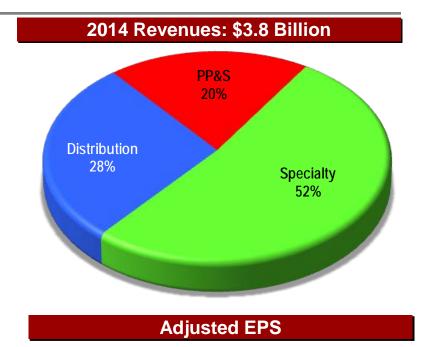
- Accelerating growth
- Deliver consistent double digit annual EPS growth
- Maintain >35% vitality index
- Pursue strategic acquisitions that expand specialty offerings and geographic breadth
- Invest and grow current and next generation talent

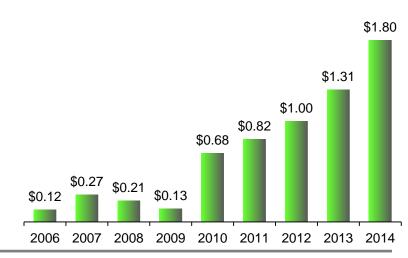


PolyOne At A Glance



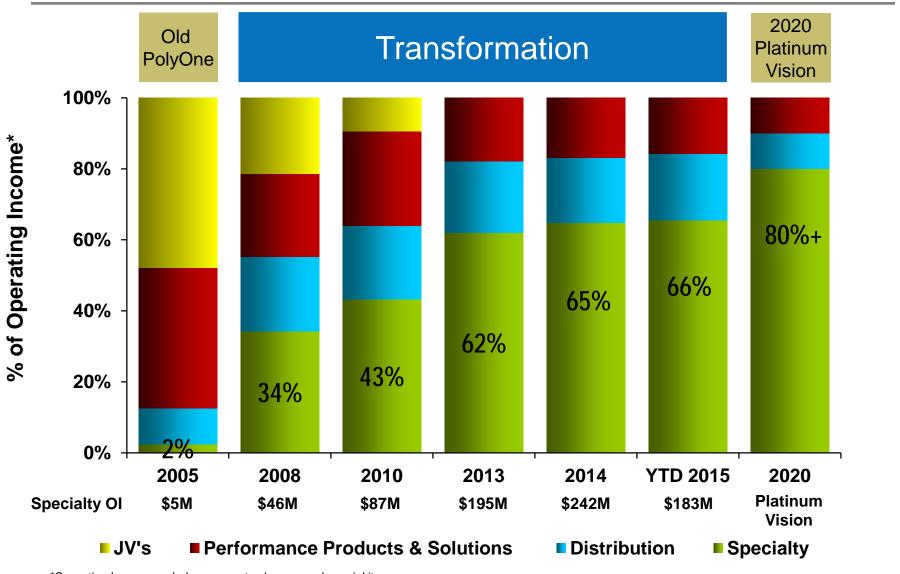








Mix Shift Highlights Specialty Transformation



^{*}Operating Income excludes corporate charges and special items



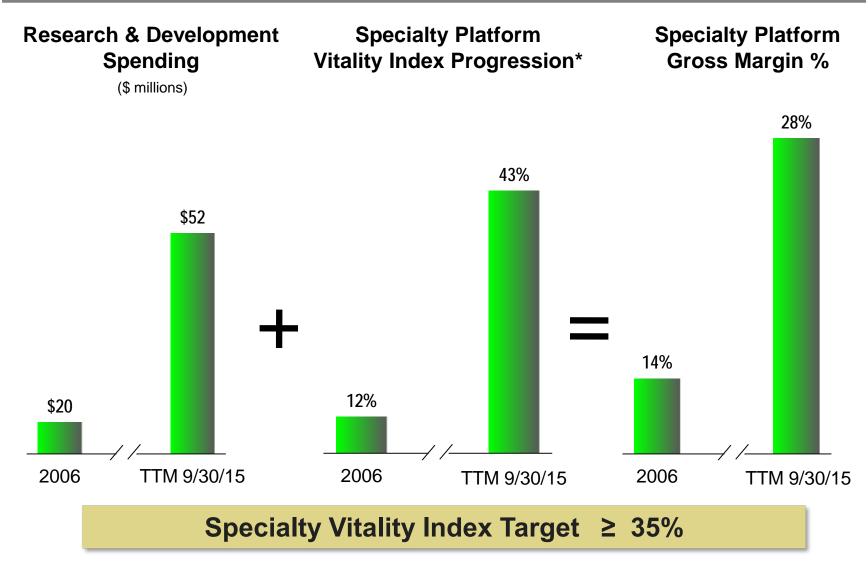
Proof of Performance & 2020 Goals

	2006	YTD 2015	2020			
	"Where we were"	"Where we are"	Platinum Vision			
1) Operating Income %						
Specialty:						
Global Color, Additives & Inks	1.7%	17.2%	20%+			
Global Specialty Engineered Materials	1.1%	15.1%	20%+			
Designed Structures & Solutions	1.4% (2012)	3.5%	12 – 14%			
Performance Products & Solutions	5.5%	8.1%	10 – 12%			
Distribution	2.6%	6.6%	6.5 – 7.5%			
2) Specialty Platform % of Operating Income	6.0%	66%	80%+			
3) ROIC	5.0%	11.9%	15%			
4) Adjusted EPS Growth	N/A	24 Consecutive Quarters of YOY EPS Growth	Double Digit Expansion			

Page 7



Innovation Drives Earnings Growth



^{*}Percentage of Specialty Platform revenue from products introduced in last five years



Innovation Pipeline Potential





Innovation Initiatives

Lightweighting with Advanced Composites



Increasing Healthcare Penetration





Expansion in Consumer Markets







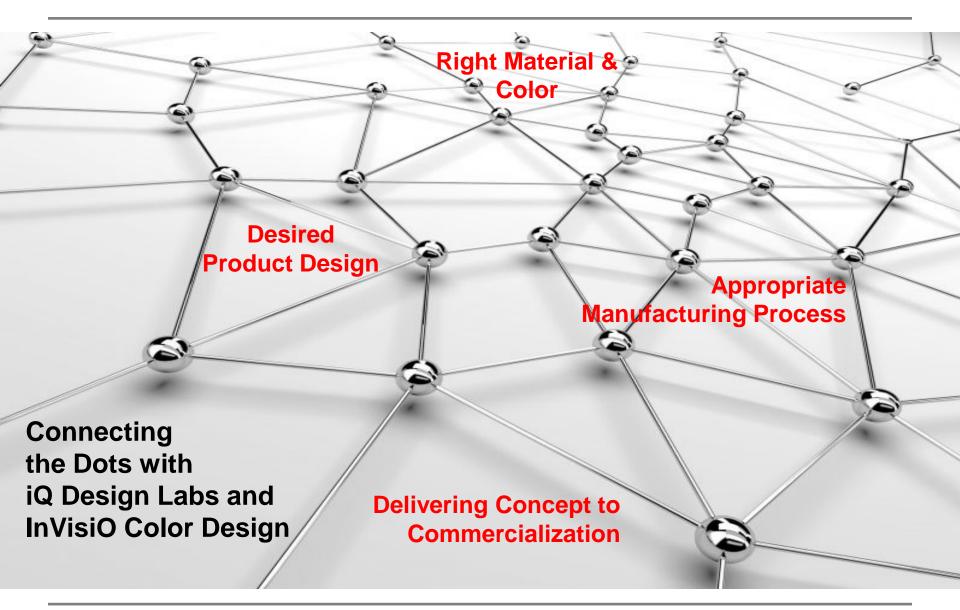
New Market Development







Design and Service as a Differentiator





Customer First Through World-Class Service

Strengthening relationships through:

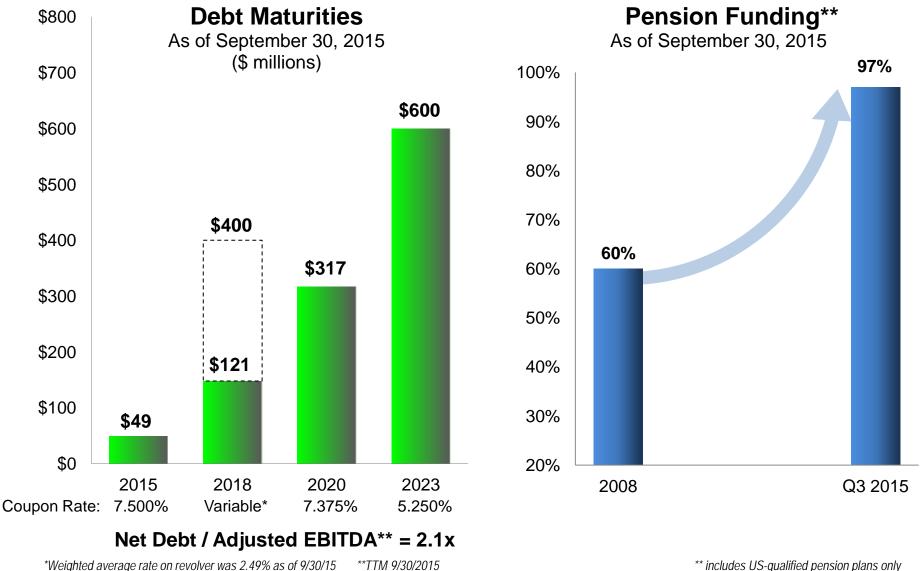
- Providing LSS services to small/medium sized customers
 - Supporting customers who lack their own formal process improvement initiatives
- Providing training in Customer Centric Selling Skills with customers' sales force







Debt Maturities & Pension Funding



PolyOne Corporation

*Weighted average rate on revolver was 2.49% as of 9/30/15

Page 13



Free Cash Flow and Strong Balance Sheet Fund Investment / Shareholder Return

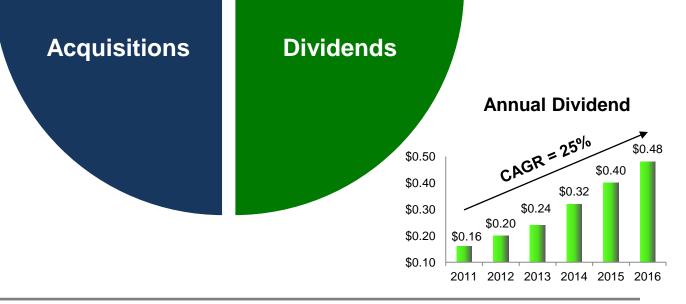
- Expanding our sales, marketing, and technical capabilities
- Investing in operational and LSS initiatives
- ~75% of capital expenditures fund growth initiatives



Share Repurchases

- Repurchased nearly
 2.4 million shares in Q3
 2015
- Repurchased 14.8 million shares since early 2013
- 5.2 million shares are available for repurchase under the current authorization

- Targets that expand our:
 - Specialty offerings
 - End market presence
 - Geographic breadth
- Synergy opportunities
- Adjacent material solutions





Why Invest In PolyOne?

- Addressable market exceeds \$40 billion
- Strong performance demonstrates that our strategy and execution are working
- Megatrends and emerging opportunities align with our strengths
- Innovation and services provide differentiation, incremental pricing power, and competitive advantage
- Strong and proven management team driving growth and performance

The New PolyOne: A Specialty Growth Company

Appendix



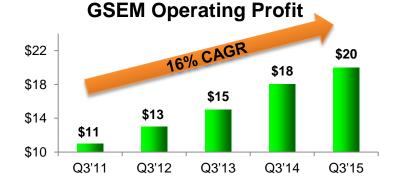


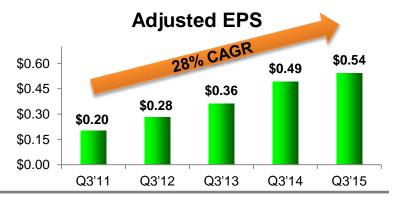
Q3 2015 Financial Highlights

 Color Additives & Inks operating margin reaches record third quarter level of 17.3%

- Specialty Engineered Materials operating margin grew 210 basis points year-over-year to 14.7%
- Third quarter adjusted EPS has grown on average 28% per year since 2011

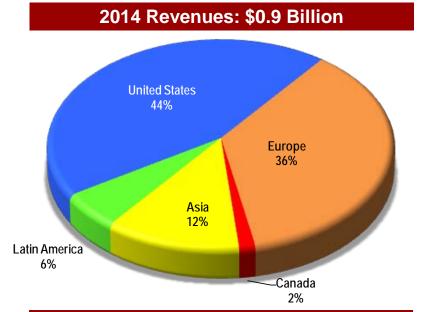




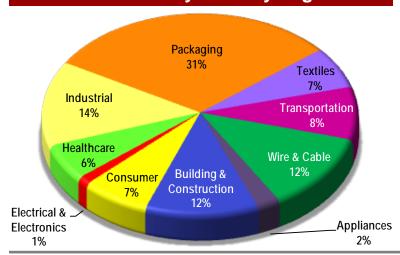




Global Color, Additives and Inks



2014 Revenue by Industry Segment



Solutions



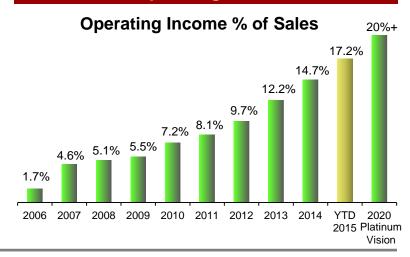






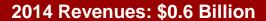


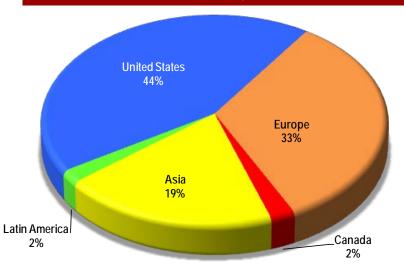
Expanding Profits



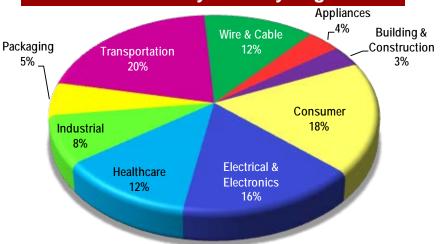


Global Specialty Engineered Materials





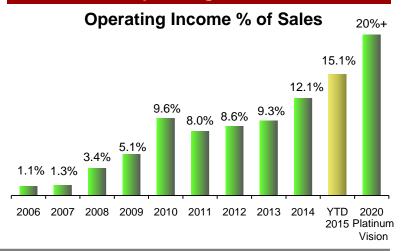
2014 Revenue by Industry Segment



Solutions

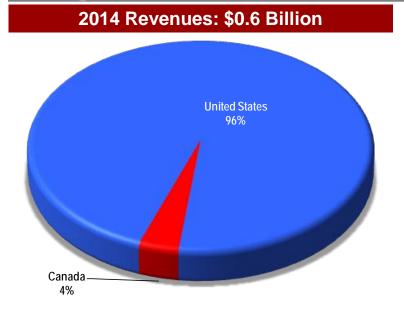


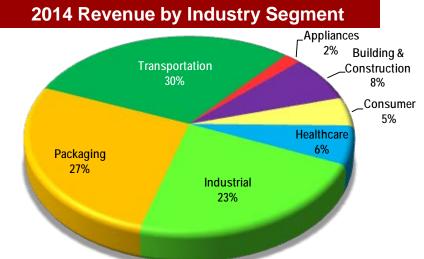
Expanding Profits



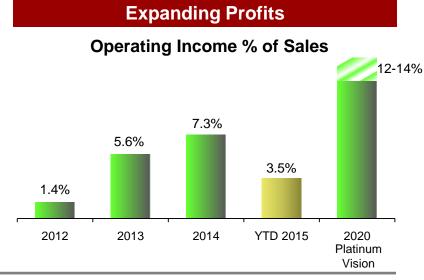


Designed Structures and Solutions





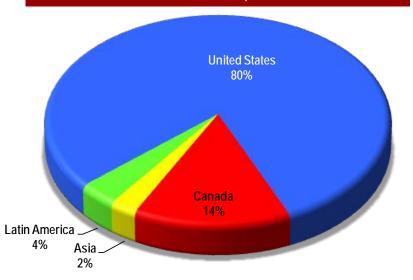




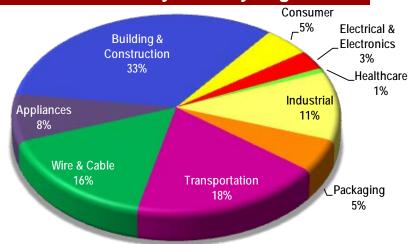


Performance Products and Solutions

2014 Revenues: \$0.8 Billion



2014 Revenue by Industry Segment

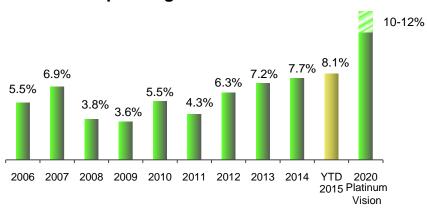


Solutions



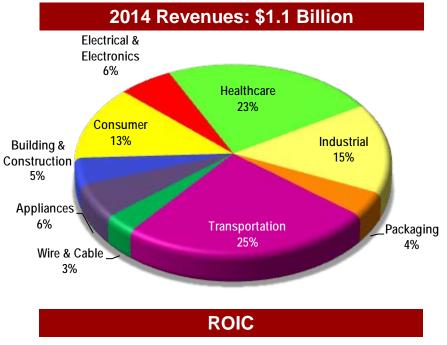
Expanding Profits

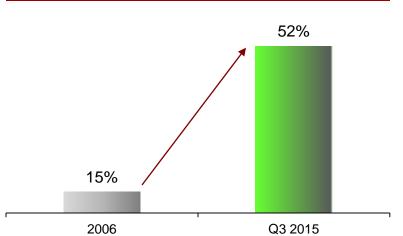
Operating Income % of Sales





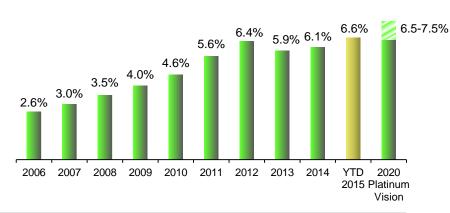
Distribution







Operating Income % of Sales





Plastics: Key to Future Sustainable Development

2 lbs Plastic

=

3 lbs aluminum

or

8 lbs steel

or

27 lbs glass

33% less material by weight than aluminum

75% less material by weight than steel

93% less material by weight than glass

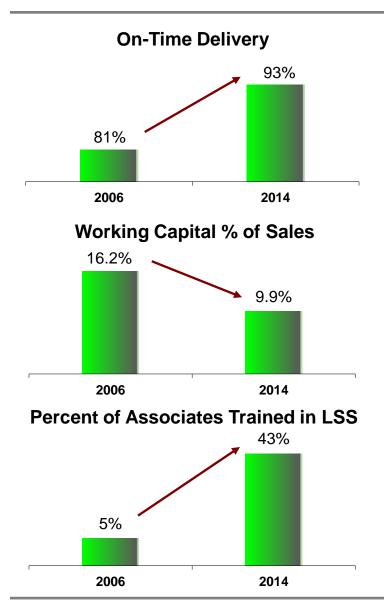
Requires **91% less energy** to recycle a pound of plastic versus a pound of paper



PolyOne Sustainable Solutions



Commitment to Operational Excellence



World's Best Start-up Program for Lean Six Sigma Deployment in 2009*



World's Best Business Process Excellence Program in 2012*



- Five consecutive years CFO Magazine Best Working Capital Management in the chemical industry
- 113 trained Black Belts
- 235 trained Green Belts
- 151 trained Kaizen Leaders

*Both awards received from International Quality and Productivity Center

Application Examples





Outdoor Applications





- Leading provider of high performance specialty materials for the recreational and sports & leisure industry
- Well positioned across all segments to address market needs
 - ✓ Metal to Polymer Conversion
 - ✓ Lightweighting
 - ✓ Thermal Management
 - ✓ Impact Performance



Source: Outdoor Industry Association

POLYCASE® Cu/P™ BULLETS



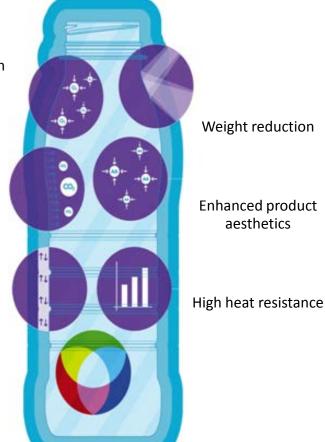
PET Bottling Technology

Shelf-life extension

Greater product consistency

Recyclability and reduced carbon footprint

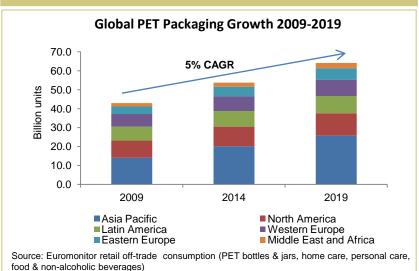
Color and Special Effects



Market Opportunity

- \$1.5 billion attractive, growing market
- Additives improve performance and reduce cost through light-weighting, reduced waste, faster cycle times, and extended shelf life of finished product
- Aligned with megatrend of protecting the environment:
 - Sustainability benefits include lower package weight and improved recyclability of package at end of use

Leading Global Supplier of Additives In Growing PET Market



PolyOne Corporation Page 27

Weight reduction

Enhanced product

aesthetics



Authentication Technology





- Includes formulation and consultative services to assist manufacturers and brand owners in positively identifying their finished goods
- Protects brand equity & consumer welfare



- Reduces exposure to unwarranted recall expenses
- Secures supply chain integrity support for safe expansion into new geographies



2015 Range Rover Evoque Interior



Color harmonization across
 15 unique color-and-polymer
 combinations

 Eliminated need for multiple precolored materials



 Reduced Land Rover's working capital



CT Scanner



- Reduced health and environmental impact
- System cost reduction
- Radiation-shielding performance
- Parts consolidation
- Design freedom



Metal Replacement Solutions







- Replaces metal in LED lighting
- Extends LED durability and life span eliminating hot spots
- Greater design flexibility with fewer parts
- Weight reduction
- Simplifies manufacturing and lowers total production cost



High-Barrier Packaging Containers





- Capability to extrude up to 13 layers
- Strong oxygen and moisture vapor transmission protection
- Can be made symmetrical or asymmetrical to meet customized needs of broad variety of applications
- Barrier protection and superior sensory properties

Aerospace Applications





- Leading provider of specialty materials for the aerospace industry
- Typical applications
 - Mil-spec aircraft windows, canopies, windscreens, instrument panels, wingtip lenses
 - ✓ Interior gallery furnishings, tray tables, arm rests, trim strips, joint/edge coverings
- Benefits:
 - ✓ High impact strength
 - ✓ Resistant to UV rays
 - ✓ Flame and smoke compliance
 - Easy to clean with aggressive cleaners; anti-microbial grades available
 - ✓ Range of sizes, thicknesses, colors, etc.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)

Below is a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Senior management uses operating income excluding special items, adjusted EPS, and working capital to assess performance and allocate resources because senior management believes that these measures are useful in understanding current profitability levels and that current levels may serve as a base for future performance.

Platform operating income mix percentage	2005*	2008*	2010*	2013	2014	201	5 YTD
Global Color, Additives and Inks	\$ 4.3	\$ 28.1	\$ 37.7	\$104.0	\$124.9	\$	107.9
Global Specialty Engineered Materials	0.4	17.6	49.7	57.2	72.4		63.2
Designed Structures and Solutions	-	-	-	33.4	45.1		12.0
Specialty Platform	\$ 4.7	\$ 45.7	\$ 87.4	\$194.6	\$242.4	\$	183.1
Performance Products and Solutions	75.7	31.3	54.0	56.0	63.1		43.9
Distribution	19.5	28.1	42.0	63.3	68.2		52.4
Joint ventures	91.9	28.6	18.9	-	-		_
Corporate and eliminations	(51.5)	(425.1)	(27.7)	(82.4)	(218.6)		(59.8)
Operating income (loss) GAAP	\$140.3	\$(291.4)	\$174.6	\$231.5	\$155.1	\$	219.6
Less: Corporate operating expense	51.5	425.1	27.7	82.4	218.6		59.8
Operating income excluding Corporate	\$191.8	\$133.7	\$202.3	\$313.9	\$373.7	\$	279.4
Specialty platform operating mix percentage	2%	34%	43%	62%	65%		66%

Adjusted EPS is calculated as follows:

Adjusted EPS	2	006Y*	20	007Y*	2	008Y*	20	009Y*	2	010Y	2	011Y	20	012Y	2	013Y	2	014Y
Net income attributable to PolyOne common shareholders	\$	130.9	\$	40.9	\$	(417.0)	\$	106.7	\$	152.5	\$	153.4	\$	53.3	\$	94.0	\$	78.0
Joint venture equity earnings, after tax		(68.5)		(26.1)		(20.8)		(19.0)		(14.7)		(3.7)		-		-		-
Special items, after tax ⁽¹⁾		(21.2)		41.4		310.0		(31.0)		15.8		(30.5)		35.7		30.4		101.0
Tax adjustments ⁽²⁾		(30.0)		(30.7)		147.2		(44.9)		(88.3)		(42.3)		0.5		2.2		(10.5)
Adjusted net income	\$	11.2	\$	25.5	\$	19.4	\$	11.8	\$	65.3	\$	76.9	\$	89.5	\$	126.6	\$	168.5
Diluted shares		92.8		93.1		92.7		93.4		96.0		94.3		89.8		96.5		93.5
Adjusted EPS	\$	0.12	\$	0.27	\$	0.21	\$	0.13	\$	0.68	\$	0.82	\$	1.00	\$	1.31	\$	1.80

Adjusted EPS	20	11 Q3	20	12 Q3	20	13 Q3	20	14 Q3	20	15 Q3
Net income attributable to PolyOne common shareholders	\$	16.0	\$	19.4	\$	23.2	\$	32.3	\$	44.5
Special items, after tax ⁽¹⁾		3.1		5.3		10.5		13.2		12.6
Tax adjustments ⁽²⁾		(0.3)		0.1		1.8		(0.1)		(9.6)
Adjusted net income	\$	18.8	\$	24.8	\$	35.5	\$	45.4	\$	47.5
Diluted shares		94.3		90.2		98.1		93.1		88.4
Adjusted EPS	\$	0.20	\$	0.27	\$	0.36	\$	0.49	\$	0.54

^{*} Historical results are shown as presented in prior filings and have not been updated to reflect subsequent changes in accounting principal or discontinued operations.

Trailing twelve months adjusted gross margin is calculated as follows:

		Months nded		e Months Ended		ing Twelve Months (TTM) Ended	
(In millions)	Decemb	er 31, 2014	Septem	nber 30, 2015	September 30, 201		
Gross margin - GAAP	\$	152.6	\$	524.6	\$	677.2	
Special items in gross margin		15.8		30.0		45.8	
Gross margin excluding special items	\$	168.4	\$	554.6	\$	723.0	

Adjusted EBITDA and net debt to adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Trailing Twelve Months (TTM) Ended
(In millions)	December 31, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2015
Income from continuing operations, before income taxes	\$ (31.2)	\$ 168.1	\$ 136.9
Interest expense, net	15.6	48.5	64.1
Depreciation and amortization	25.0	78.4	103.4
Special items, impact on income from continuing operations before income taxes	80.8	39.8	120.6
Accelerated depreciation included in special items	(0.2)	(4.6)	(4.8)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 90.0	\$ 330.2	\$ 420.2
Short-term portion and current portion of long-term debt			\$ 61.8
Long-term debt			1,038.0
Less: Cash and cash equivalents			(235.7)
Net Debt			864.1
Net Debt/TTM Adjusted EBITDA			2.1

⁽¹⁾ Special items are a non-GAAP financial measure and are used to determine adjusted earnings. Special items include charges related to specific strategic initiatives or financial restructuring such as: consolidation of operations; debt extinguishment costs; employee separation costs resulting from personnel reduction programs, plant phase-in costs, executive separation agreements; asset impairments; mark-to-market adjustments associated with actuarial gains and losses on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans; environmental remediation costs, fines, penalties, remediation costs and related insurance recoveries related to facilities no longer owned or closed in prior years; gains and losses on the divestiture of operating businesses, joint ventures and equity investments; gains and losses on facility or property sales or disposals; results of litigation, fines or penalties, where such litigation (or action relating to the fines or penalties) arose prior to the commencement of the performance period; one-time, non-recurring items; and the effect of changes in accounting principles or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results.

⁽²⁾ Tax adjustments include the net tax expense/benefit from one-time income tax items, the set-up or reversal of uncertain tax position reserves and deferred income tax valuations allowance adjustments.