Forward-Looking Statements

In this presentation, statements that are not reported financial results or other historical information are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements give current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance. They are based on management’s expectations that involve a number of business risks and uncertainties, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. They use words such as “will,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “expect,” “project,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance and/or sales.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by these forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- Our ability to realize anticipated savings and operational benefits from the realignment of assets, including the closure of manufacturing facilities;
- The timing of closings and shifts of production to new facilities related to asset realignments and any unforeseen loss of customers and/or disruptions of service or quality caused by such closings and/or production shifts;
- Separation and severance amounts that differ from original estimates;
- Amounts for non-cash charges related to asset write-offs and accelerated depreciation realignments of property, plant and equipment, that differ from original estimates;
- Our ability to identify and evaluate acquisition targets and consummate acquisitions;
- The ability to successfully integrate acquired companies into our operations, retain the management teams of acquired companies, retain relationships with customers of acquired companies, and achieve the expected results of such acquisitions, including whether such businesses will be accretive to our earnings;
- Disruptions, uncertainty or volatility in the credit markets that could adversely impact the availability of credit already arranged and the availability and cost of credit in the future;
- The financial condition of our customers, including the ability of customers (especially those that may be highly leveraged and those with inadequate liquidity) to maintain their credit availability;
- The speed and extent of an economic recovery, including the recovery of the housing market;
- Our ability to achieve new business gains;
- The effect on foreign operations of currency fluctuations, tariffs and other political, economic and regulatory risks;
- Changes in polymer consumption growth rates and laws and regulations regarding the disposal of plastic in jurisdictions where we conduct business;
- Changes in global industry capacity or in the rate at which anticipated changes in industry capacity come online;
- Fluctuations in raw material prices, quality and supply and in energy prices and supply; production outages or material costs associated with scheduled or unscheduled maintenance programs;
- Unanticipated developments that could occur with respect to contingencies such as litigation and environmental matters;
- An inability to achieve or delays in achieving or achievement of less than the anticipated financial benefit from initiatives related to working capital reductions, cost reductions and employee productivity goals;
- An inability to raise or sustain prices for products or services;
- An inability to maintain appropriate relations with unions and employees;
- Our ability to continue to pay cash dividends;
- The amount and timing of repurchases of our common shares, if any; and
- Other factors affecting our business beyond our control, including, without limitation, changes in the general economy, changes in interest rates and changes in the rate of inflation.

The above list of factors is not exhaustive.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You are advised to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our reports on Form 10-Q, 8-K and 10-K that we provide to the Securities and Exchange Commission.
Use of Non-GAAP Measures

- This presentation includes the use of both GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles) and non-GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures include: adjusted EPS, earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA, net debt, Specialty platform operating income, Specialty platform gross margin percentage, adjusted operating income, return on invested capital, net debt/EBITDA, and the exclusion of corporate charges in certain calculations.

- PolyOne’s chief operating decision maker uses these financial measures to monitor and evaluate the ongoing performance of the Company and each business segment and to allocate resources. In addition, operating income before special items and adjusted EPS are components of various PolyOne annual and long-term employee incentive plans.

- A reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure with the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is attached to this presentation which is posted on our website at www.polyone.com.
PolyOne Commodity to Specialty Transformation

2000-2005

• Volume driven, commodity producer
• Heavily tied to cyclical end markets
• Performance largely dependent on non-controlling joint ventures

2006 - 2009

• Steve Newlin appointed, Chairman, President and CEO
• New leadership team appointed
• Implementation of four pillar strategy
• Focus on value based selling, investment in commercial resources and innovation to drive transformation

2010 – 2015

• Substantial EPS growth from $0.13 to all-time high of $1.96
• Shift to faster growing, high margin, less cyclical end markets
• Key acquisitions propel current and future growth, as well as margin expansion
• Specialty mix expands to 65% of Operating Income – strongest mix of earnings in history

2016 and beyond

• Deliver consistent double digit annual EPS growth
• Maintain >35% vitality index
• Pursue strategic acquisitions that expand specialty offerings and geographic breadth
• Invest and grow current and next generation talent
Confirmation of Our Strategy

The World’s Premier Provider of Specialized Polymer Materials, Services and Solutions
26 Consecutive Quarters of EPS Growth

Adjusted Earnings Per Share

Adjusted Consolidated Operating Margin

Note: 2009 has not been restated for subsequent changes in accounting principles or discontinued operations
PolyOne

At A Glance

2015 Revenues: $3.4 Billion

- United States: 66%
- Europe: 13%
- Canada: 7%
- Asia: 7%
- Latin America: 7%

End Markets

- Appliances: 4%
- Building & Construction: 12%
- Consumer: 10%
- Electrical & Electronics: 5%
- Healthcare: 11%
- Industrial: 14%
- Packaging: 13%
- Textiles: 2%
- Transportation: 20%

Adjusted EPS

- 2006: $0.12
- 2007: $0.27
- 2008: $0.21
- 2009: $0.13
- 2010: $0.68
- 2011: $0.82
- 2012: $1.00
- 2013: $1.31
- 2014: $1.80
- 2015: $1.96

End Markets

- United States: 66%
- Europe: 13%
- Canada: 7%
- Asia: 7%
- Latin America: 7%

Adjusted EPS

- PP&S: 20%
- CAI: 23%
- Distribution: 29%
- DSS: 13%
- SEM: 15%
- DSS: 13%
Mix Shift Highlights Specialty Transformation

% of Operating Income*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Specialty OI</th>
<th>JV's</th>
<th>Performance Products &amp; Solutions</th>
<th>Distribution</th>
<th>Specialty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$5M</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$87M</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$229M</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>80%+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Operating Income excludes corporate charges and special items
Color and Engineered Materials at the Heart of Specialty Transformation

**OPERATING MARGIN**

**COLOR, ADDITIVES AND INKS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>1Q'16</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Margins (%)</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>4.6%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
<td>16.7%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>20%+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIALTY ENGINEERED MATERIALS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>1Q'16</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Margins (%)</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>3.4%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
<td>9.6%</td>
<td>8.0%</td>
<td>8.6%</td>
<td>9.3%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>20%+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Proof of Performance & 2020 Goals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2006 “Where we were”</th>
<th>1Q 2016 “Where we are”</th>
<th>2020 Platinum Vision</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1) Operating Income %</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color, Additives &amp; Inks</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
<td>20%+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Engineered Materials</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>20%+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designed Structures &amp; Solutions</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2.5% (TTM)</td>
<td>8 – 10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Products &amp; Solutions</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
<td>12 – 14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>6.5 – 7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2) Specialty Platform % of Operating Income</strong></td>
<td>6.0%</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>80%+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3) ROIC</strong>*</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>4) Adjusted EPS Growth</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>Double Digit Expansion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*ROIC is defined as TTM adjusted OI divided by the sum of average debt and equity over a 5 quarter period*
Target End Markets... Healthcare
Target End Markets... Outdoor High Performance
Target End Markets... Automotive
Target End Markets... Packaging
Innovation Drives Earnings Growth

Research & Development Spending
($ millions)

2006 2015

$20 $53

Specialty Platform Vitality Index Progression*

2006 2015

12% 43%

Target ≥ 35%

CAI & SEM Gross Margin

2006 2015

14% 34%

*Specialty Platform revenue from products introduced in last five years

Innovation Pipeline Potential

Phase 1 | Phase 2 | Phase 3 | Phase 4 | Phase 5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Breakthrough</th>
<th>Platform</th>
<th>Derivative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Projects

12 10 23 19 10 74

Specially Addressable Market ($ millions)

- - $1,150 $1,000 $250 $2,400
Ours is Not a Cost Cutting Story

### Commercial, R&D and Marketing Spending ($M)
- **2006**: $103
- **2015**: $192
- **Change**: +86%

### Volume (lbs in millions)
- **2006**: 2,883
- **2015**: 2,414
- **Change**: -16%

### Adjusted Gross Profit ($M)
- **2006**: $303
- **2015**: $721
- **Change**: +138%
Design and Service as a Differentiator

Right Material & Color

Desired Product Design

Appropriate Manufacturing Process

Connecting the Dots with iQ Design Labs and InVisiO Color Design

Delivering Concept to Commercialization
Customer First Through World-Class Service

Strengthening relationships through:

- Providing LSS services to small/medium sized customers
- Providing training in Customer Centric Selling Skills with customers

### On-Time Delivery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>93%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Working Capital % of Sales

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16.2%</td>
<td>9.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Commitment to Operational Excellence

- World’s Best Start-up program for Lean Six Sigma Deployment in 2009*
- World’s Best Business Process Excellence Program in 2012*

- 52% of associates trained in LSS
- Five consecutive years – *CFO Magazine* Best Working Capital Management in the chemical industry
Debt Maturities & Pension Funding

Debt Maturities
As of March 31, 2016
($ millions)

- 2022: $550
- 2023: $600

Coupon Rate:
- 2022: 3.750%
- 2023: 5.250%

Pension Funding**
As of March 31, 2016

- 2008: 60%
- 1Q 2016: 100%

Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA*= 2.5x

*TTM 3/31/2016
** includes US-qualified pension plans only
Free Cash Flow and Strong Balance Sheet
Fund Investment / Shareholder Return

- Expanding our sales, marketing, and technical capabilities
- Investing in operational and LSS initiatives
- ~75% of capital expenditures fund growth initiatives

- Targets that expand our:
  - Specialty offerings
  - End market presence
  - Geographic breadth
- Synergy opportunities
- Adjacent material solutions

- Repurchased 1.5 million shares in Q1 2016
- Repurchased 17.3 million shares since early 2013
- 10.0 million shares are available for repurchase under the current authorization

Organic Growth
Share Repurchases
Acquisitions
Dividends

Annual Dividend

CAGR = 25%
Why Invest In PolyOne?

- Addressable market exceeds $40 billion
- Strong performance demonstrates that our strategy and execution are working
- Megatrends and emerging opportunities align with our strengths
- Innovation and services provide differentiation, incremental pricing power, and competitive advantage
- Strong and proven management team driving growth and performance

The New PolyOne: A Specialty Growth Company
Appendix
1Q 2016 Financial Highlights

- Performance Products & Solutions operating margin grew 540 basis points year-over-year to 11.9%

- Distribution operating margin expanded 60 basis points to a record first quarter level of 6.5%

- First quarter adjusted EPS has grown on average 24% per year since 2012
At a Glance

Color, Additives and Inks

2015 Revenues: $0.8 Billion

- United States: 48%
- Europe: 33%
- Asia: 12%
- Latin America: 5%
- Canada: 2%

2015 Revenue by Industry Segment

- Packaging: 31%
- Industrial: 13%
- Healthcare: 6%
- Consumer: 8%
- Transportation: 9%
- Textiles: 8%
- Appliances: 2%
- Building & Construction: 11%
- Wire & Cable: 11%
- Electrical & Electronics: 1%

Expanding Profits

Operating Income % of Sales

- 2006: 1.7%
- 2007: 4.6%
- 2008: 5.1%
- 2009: 5.5%
- 2010: 7.2%
- 2011: 8.1%
- 2012: 9.7%
- 2013: 12.2%
- 2014: 14.7%
- 2015: 16.7%
- 2016: 17.0%
- 2020: 20%+
At a Glance
Specialty Engineered Materials

2015 Revenues: $0.5 Billion

- United States: 49%
- Europe: 29%
- Asia: 20%
- Canada: 2%

2015 Revenue by Industry Segment

- Packaging: 5%
- Industrial: 8%
- Healthcare: 11%
- Electrical & Electronics: 16%
- Transportation: 19%
- Wire & Cable: 15%
- Consumer: 20%
- Building & Construction: 3%
- Appliances: 3%

Solutions

Expanding Profits
Operating Income % of Sales

- 2006: 1.1%
- 2007: 1.3%
- 2008: 3.4%
- 2009: 5.1%
- 2010: 9.6%
- 2011: 8.0%
- 2012: 8.6%
- 2013: 9.3%
- 2014: 12.1%
- 2015: 14.7%
- 1Q'16: 16.6%
- 2020: 20%+
At a Glance
Designed Structures and Solutions

2015 Revenues: $0.5 Billion

- United States: 97%
- Canada: 3%

2015 Revenue by Industry Segment

- Industrial: 24%
- Packaging: 19%
- Transportation: 33%
- Building & Construction: 9%
- Appliances, Food & Personal Care: 3%
- Healthcare: 7%
- Consumer: 5%

Solutions

Expanding Profits

Operating Income % of Sales

- 2012: 1.4%
- 2013: 5.6%
- 2014: 7.3%
- 2015: 3.0%
- 1Q'16: 0.4%
- 2020 Vision: 8-10%
At a Glance
Performance Products and Solutions

2015 Revenues: $0.7 Billion

- United States: 79%
- Canada: 14%
- Latin America: 5%
- Asia: 2%

2015 Revenue by Industry Segment

- Packaging: 5%
- Transportation: 19%
- Wire & Cable: 16%
- Industrial: 13%
- Appliances: 7%
- Building & Construction: 31%
- Electrical & Electronics: 3%
- Consumer: 5%
- Healthcare: 1%

Solutions

Expanding Profits

Operating Income % of Sales

- 2006: 5.5%
- 2007: 6.9%
- 2008: 3.8%
- 2009: 3.6%
- 2010: 5.5%
- 2011: 4.3%
- 2012: 6.3%
- 2013: 7.2%
- 2014: 7.7%
- 2015: 8.3%
- 1Q'16: 11.9%
- 2020: 12-14%

Platinum Vision
At a Glance

Distribution

2015 Revenues: $1.0 Billion

- Packaging: 4%
- Transportation: 24%
- Industrial: 16%
- Healthcare: 23%
- Consumer: 13%
- Electrical & Electronics: 6%
- Building & Construction: 4%
- Appliances: 6%
- Wire & Cable: 4%

ROIC

- 2006: 15%
- 1Q 2016: 54%

Key Suppliers

- Bayer MaterialScience
- DOW CORNING
- DuPont
- Dow
- Arkema
- Eastman
- INEOS ABS
- PolyOne

Expanding Profits

Operating Income % of Sales

- 2006: 2.6%
- 2007: 3.0%
- 2008: 3.5%
- 2009: 4.0%
- 2010: 4.6%
- 2011: 5.6%
- 2012: 6.4%
- 2013: 5.9%
- 2014: 6.1%
- 2015: 6.6%
- 1Q'16: 6.5%
- 2020: 6.5-7.5%

Platinum Vision
Plastics: Key to Future Sustainable Development

2 lbs Plastic =
3 lbs aluminum
or
8 lbs steel
or
27 lbs glass

Requires **91% less energy** to recycle a pound of plastic versus a pound of paper

33% less material by weight than aluminum
75% less material by weight than steel
93% less material by weight than glass

*Source: SPI: Sustainability and the Plastics Industry*
Application Examples
Outdoor Applications

- Leading provider of high performance specialty materials for the recreational and sports & leisure industry
- Well positioned across all segments to address market needs
  - Metal to Polymer Conversion
  - Lightweighting
  - Thermal Management
  - Impact Performance

Source: Outdoor Industry Association
PET Bottling Technology

Market Opportunity

- $1.5 billion attractive, growing market
- Additives improve performance and reduce cost through light-weighting, reduced waste, faster cycle times, and extended shelf life of finished product
- Aligned with megatrend of protecting the environment:
  - Sustainability benefits include lower package weight and improved recyclability of package at end of use

Leading Global Supplier of Additives In Growing PET Market

Global PET Packaging Growth 2009-2019

Source: Euromonitor retail off-trade consumption (PET bottles & jars, home care, personal care, food & non-alcoholic beverages)
Authentication Technology

- Includes formulation and consultative services to assist manufacturers and brand owners in positively identifying their finished goods
- Protects brand equity & consumer welfare
- Reduces exposure to unwarranted recall expenses
- Secures supply chain integrity – support for safe expansion into new geographies
Metal Replacement Solutions

- Replaces metal in LED lighting
- Extends LED durability and lifespan eliminating hot spots
- Greater design flexibility with fewer parts
- Weight reduction
- Simplifies manufacturing and lowers total production cost
Range Rover Evoque Interior

• Color harmonization across 15 unique color-and-polymer combinations

• Eliminated need for multiple pre-colored materials

• Reduced Land Rover’s working capital
CT Scanner

- Reduced health and environmental impact
- System cost reduction
- Radiation-shielding performance
- Parts consolidation
- Design freedom
High-Barrier Packaging Containers

- Capability to extrude up to 13 layers
- Strong oxygen and moisture vapor transmission protection
- Can be made symmetrical or asymmetrical to meet customized needs of broad variety of applications
- Barrier protection and superior sensory properties
Aerospace Applications

• Leading provider of specialty materials for the aerospace industry

• Typical applications
  ✓ Mil-spec aircraft windows, canopies, windscreens, instrument panels, wingtip lenses
  ✓ Interior – gallery furnishings, tray tables, arm rests, trim strips, joint/edge coverings

• Benefits:
  ✓ High impact strength
  ✓ Resistant to UV rays
  ✓ Flame and smoke compliance
  ✓ Easy to clean with aggressive cleaners; anti-microbial grades available
  ✓ Range of sizes, thicknesses, colors, etc.
Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)

Below is a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable measures calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Senior management uses operating income excluding special items, adjusted EPS and working capital to assess performance and allocate resources because senior management believes that these measures are useful in understanding current profitability levels and that current levels may serve as a base for future performance.

Adjusted EPS is calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net income (loss) attributable to PolyOne common shareholders</td>
<td>$130.9</td>
<td>$40.9</td>
<td>$(417.0)</td>
<td>$106.7</td>
<td>$152.5</td>
<td>$153.4</td>
<td>$53.3</td>
<td>$94.0</td>
<td>$78.0</td>
<td>$144.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint venture equity earnings, after tax</td>
<td>(68.5)</td>
<td>(26.1)</td>
<td>(20.8)</td>
<td>(19.0)</td>
<td>(14.7)</td>
<td>(3.7)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items, after tax(1)</td>
<td>(51.2)</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>457.2</td>
<td>(75.9)</td>
<td>(72.5)</td>
<td>(72.8)</td>
<td>36.2</td>
<td>32.6</td>
<td>90.5</td>
<td>28.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted net income</td>
<td>$11.2</td>
<td>$25.5</td>
<td>$19.4</td>
<td>$11.8</td>
<td>$65.3</td>
<td>$76.9</td>
<td>$89.5</td>
<td>$126.6</td>
<td>$168.5</td>
<td>$173.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted shares</td>
<td>92.8</td>
<td>93.1</td>
<td>92.7</td>
<td>93.4</td>
<td>96.0</td>
<td>94.3</td>
<td>89.8</td>
<td>96.5</td>
<td>93.5</td>
<td>88.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>$0.12</td>
<td>$0.27</td>
<td>$0.21</td>
<td>$0.13</td>
<td>$0.68</td>
<td>$0.82</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$1.31</td>
<td>$1.80</td>
<td>$1.96</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjusted EPS</th>
<th>Q1 2009*</th>
<th>Q2 2009*</th>
<th>Q3 2009*</th>
<th>Q4 2009*</th>
<th>Q1 2010</th>
<th>Q2 2010</th>
<th>Q3 2010</th>
<th>Q4 2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net income attributable to PolyOne common shareholders</td>
<td>$3.3</td>
<td>$1.3</td>
<td>$51.3</td>
<td>$50.8</td>
<td>$20.1</td>
<td>$44.7</td>
<td>$0.1</td>
<td>$87.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint venture equity earnings, after tax</td>
<td>(8.2)</td>
<td>(5.8)</td>
<td>(3.0)</td>
<td>(2.0)</td>
<td>(0.5)</td>
<td>(4.5)</td>
<td>(6.2)</td>
<td>(3.5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items, after tax(1)</td>
<td>(10.2)</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>(36.9)</td>
<td>(38.0)</td>
<td>(3.8)</td>
<td>(22.1)</td>
<td>25.4</td>
<td>(72.0)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adjusted net (loss) income</td>
<td>$(15.1)</td>
<td>$4.7</td>
<td>$11.4</td>
<td>$10.8</td>
<td>$15.8</td>
<td>$18.1</td>
<td>$19.3</td>
<td>$12.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted shares</td>
<td>92.2</td>
<td>93.5</td>
<td>93.9</td>
<td>94.4</td>
<td>95.3</td>
<td>96.3</td>
<td>96.3</td>
<td>97.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>$(0.16)</td>
<td>$0.05</td>
<td>$0.12</td>
<td>$0.11</td>
<td>$0.17</td>
<td>$0.19</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
<td>$0.12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net income attributable to PolyOne common shareholders</td>
<td>$106.0</td>
<td>$23.1</td>
<td>$16.0</td>
<td>$8.3</td>
<td>$15.3</td>
<td>$18.4</td>
<td>$19.4</td>
<td>$0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint venture equity earnings, after tax</td>
<td>(3.7)</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special items, after tax(1)</td>
<td>(81.3)</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>2.8</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>5.4</td>
<td>15.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adjusted net income</td>
<td>$21.0</td>
<td>$24.4</td>
<td>$18.8</td>
<td>$12.7</td>
<td>$21.5</td>
<td>$27.3</td>
<td>$24.8</td>
<td>$15.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted shares</td>
<td>96.4</td>
<td>95.5</td>
<td>94.0</td>
<td>91.9</td>
<td>90.7</td>
<td>90.7</td>
<td>90.7</td>
<td>90.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>$0.22</td>
<td>$0.26</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
<td>$0.14</td>
<td>$0.24</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
<td>$0.28</td>
<td>$0.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income (loss) attributable to PolyOne common shareholders</td>
<td>$11.2</td>
<td>$38.6</td>
<td>$23.2</td>
<td>$21.0</td>
<td>$29.4</td>
<td>$30.9</td>
<td>$32.3</td>
<td>($14.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items, after tax(^{(1)})</td>
<td>17.7</td>
<td>(2.0)</td>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>17.4</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>47.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted net income</td>
<td>$28.9</td>
<td>$36.6</td>
<td>$35.5</td>
<td>$25.6</td>
<td>$41.9</td>
<td>$48.3</td>
<td>$45.4</td>
<td>$32.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted shares</td>
<td>92.8</td>
<td>99.1</td>
<td>98.1</td>
<td>97.2</td>
<td>95.7</td>
<td>94.3</td>
<td>93.1</td>
<td>91.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>$0.31</td>
<td>$0.37</td>
<td>$0.36</td>
<td>$0.26</td>
<td>$0.44</td>
<td>$0.51</td>
<td>$0.49</td>
<td>$0.36</td>
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<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net income attributable to PolyOne common shareholders</td>
<td>$30.2</td>
<td>$66.8</td>
<td>$44.5</td>
<td>$3.1</td>
<td>$39.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items, after tax(^{(1)})</td>
<td>11.4</td>
<td>(15.9)</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>30.4</td>
<td>9.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted net income</td>
<td>$41.6</td>
<td>$50.9</td>
<td>$47.5</td>
<td>$33.5</td>
<td>$48.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diluted shares</td>
<td>90.1</td>
<td>89.8</td>
<td>88.4</td>
<td>86.6</td>
<td>85.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EPS</td>
<td>$0.46</td>
<td>$0.57</td>
<td>$0.54</td>
<td>$0.39</td>
<td>$0.56</td>
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Adjusted operating margin is calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjusted operating margin</th>
<th>Q1 2009(^*)</th>
<th>Q2 2009(^*)</th>
<th>Q3 2009(^*)</th>
<th>Q4 2009(^*)</th>
<th>YTD 2009(^*)</th>
<th>Q1 2010</th>
<th>Q2 2010</th>
<th>Q3 2010</th>
<th>Q4 2010</th>
<th>YTD 2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating Income</td>
<td>$9.9</td>
<td>$17.1</td>
<td>$57.9</td>
<td>$52.2</td>
<td>$137.1</td>
<td>$32.3</td>
<td>$58.6</td>
<td>$42.0</td>
<td>$26.3</td>
<td>$159.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items (^{(1)})</td>
<td>(1.3)</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>(27.5)</td>
<td>(24.5)</td>
<td>(48.7)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(14.5)</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>(4.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint venture equity earnings</td>
<td>(12.8)</td>
<td>(9.0)</td>
<td>(4.8)</td>
<td>(3.1)</td>
<td>(29.7)</td>
<td>(0.8)</td>
<td>(7.1)</td>
<td>(9.7)</td>
<td>(5.5)</td>
<td>(23.1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted operating (loss) income</td>
<td>$(4.2)</td>
<td>$12.7</td>
<td>$25.6</td>
<td>$24.6</td>
<td>$58.7</td>
<td>$31.5</td>
<td>$37.0</td>
<td>$37.8</td>
<td>$25.0</td>
<td>$131.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>$463.4</td>
<td>$496.5</td>
<td>$548.3</td>
<td>$552.5</td>
<td>$2,060.7</td>
<td>$604.0</td>
<td>$666.2</td>
<td>$650.7</td>
<td>$585.3</td>
<td>$2,506.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operating Margin</td>
<td>(0.9%)</td>
<td>2.6%</td>
<td>4.7%</td>
<td>4.5%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>4.3%</td>
<td>5.2%</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating income (loss)</td>
<td>$173.4</td>
<td>$42.4</td>
<td>$33.4</td>
<td>(46.2)</td>
<td>$203.0</td>
<td>$37.4</td>
<td>$43.3</td>
<td>$43.5</td>
<td>$13.3</td>
<td>$137.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items (^{(1)})</td>
<td>(127.2)</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>72.9</td>
<td>(46.7)</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>11.8</td>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>25.3</td>
<td>53.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint venture equity earnings</td>
<td>(5.7)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(5.7)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted operating income</td>
<td>$40.5</td>
<td>$45.1</td>
<td>$38.3</td>
<td>$26.7</td>
<td>$150.6</td>
<td>$45.9</td>
<td>$55.1</td>
<td>$51.8</td>
<td>$38.6</td>
<td>$191.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>$682.8</td>
<td>$723.4</td>
<td>$694.0</td>
<td>$609.2</td>
<td>$2,709.4</td>
<td>$745.5</td>
<td>$756.6</td>
<td>$707.7</td>
<td>$651.0</td>
<td>$2,860.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Margin</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>4.4%</td>
<td>5.6%</td>
<td>6.2%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
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<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating income (loss)</td>
<td>$40.5</td>
<td>$80.7</td>
<td>$61.6</td>
<td>$48.7</td>
<td>$231.5</td>
<td>$56.4</td>
<td>$49.4</td>
<td>$63.6</td>
<td>$(14.3)</td>
<td>$155.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items (1)</td>
<td>16.6</td>
<td>(5.2)</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>22.9</td>
<td>39.8</td>
<td>22.0</td>
<td>80.2</td>
<td>164.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted operating income</td>
<td>$57.1</td>
<td>$75.5</td>
<td>$72.4</td>
<td>$56.5</td>
<td>$261.5</td>
<td>$79.3</td>
<td>$89.2</td>
<td>$85.6</td>
<td>$65.9</td>
<td>$320.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>$801.1</td>
<td>$1,037.6</td>
<td>$1,008.9</td>
<td>$923.6</td>
<td>$3,771.2</td>
<td>$1,002.3</td>
<td>$1,005.5</td>
<td>$958.4</td>
<td>$869.3</td>
<td>$3,835.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Margin 7.1%</td>
<td>7.3%</td>
<td>7.2%</td>
<td>6.1%</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>7.9%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>8.9%</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
<td>8.3%</td>
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<table>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating income</td>
<td>$70.1</td>
<td>$80.3</td>
<td>$69.2</td>
<td>$31.3</td>
<td>$250.9</td>
<td>$71.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special items (1)</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td>18.7</td>
<td>31.4</td>
<td>71.3</td>
<td>13.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted operating income</td>
<td>$79.4</td>
<td>$92.2</td>
<td>$87.9</td>
<td>$62.7</td>
<td>$322.2</td>
<td>$85.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sales</td>
<td>$873.1</td>
<td>$887.1</td>
<td>$841.6</td>
<td>$775.8</td>
<td>$3,377.6</td>
<td>$847.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Operating Margin 9.1%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>8.1%</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
<td>10.0%</td>
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</table>

Adjusted gross margin is calculated as follows:

(In millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gross margin - GAAP</th>
<th>Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$681.5</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Special items in gross margin (1) 39.7

Gross margin before special items $721.2

Specialty operating income mix percentage is calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platform operating income mix percentage</th>
<th>2005*</th>
<th>2010*</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Color, Additives and Inks</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$4.3</td>
<td>$37.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Engineered Materials</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>49.7</td>
<td>79.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designed Structures and Solutions</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>13.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialty Platform</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$4.7</td>
<td>$87.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Products and Solutions</td>
<td>75.7</td>
<td>54.0</td>
<td>57.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>42.0</td>
<td>68.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint ventures</td>
<td>91.9</td>
<td>18.9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate and eliminations</td>
<td>(51.5)</td>
<td>(27.7)</td>
<td>(103.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating income GAAP</td>
<td>$140.3</td>
<td>$174.6</td>
<td>$250.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Corporate operating expense</td>
<td>51.5</td>
<td>27.7</td>
<td>103.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating income excluding Corporate</td>
<td>$191.8</td>
<td>$202.3</td>
<td>$354.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specialty platform operating mix percentage 2% 43% 65%
Adjusted EBITDA and net debt to adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows:

(In millions)  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income (loss) from continuing operations, before income taxes</td>
<td>$63.4</td>
<td>$51.4</td>
<td>$(0.4)</td>
<td>$57.0</td>
<td>$171.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest expense, net</td>
<td>16.2</td>
<td>16.2</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>14.6</td>
<td>62.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation and amortization</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>28.3</td>
<td>25.9</td>
<td>27.2</td>
<td>106.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special items, impact on income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes(1)</td>
<td>11.9</td>
<td>18.6</td>
<td>47.8</td>
<td>13.6</td>
<td>91.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accelerated depreciation included in special items</td>
<td>(0.2)</td>
<td>(4.3)</td>
<td>(1.6)</td>
<td>(2.8)</td>
<td>(8.9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusted EBITDA</td>
<td>$116.3</td>
<td>$110.2</td>
<td>$87.3</td>
<td>$109.6</td>
<td>$423.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Short-term and current portion of long-term debt</td>
<td>$18.6</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,174.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(155.4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,037.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net Debt/TTM Adjusted EBITDA: 2.5

*Historical results are shown as presented in prior filings and have not been updated to reflect subsequent changes in accounting principal, discontinued operations or the related resegmentation.

(1) Special items are a non-GAAP financial measure and are used to determine adjusted earnings. Special items include charges related to specific strategic initiatives or financial restructuring such as: consolidation of operations; debt extinguishment costs; costs incurred directly in relation to acquisitions or divestitures; employee separation costs resulting from personnel reduction programs, plant phase-in costs, executive separation agreements; asset impairments; mark-to-market adjustments associated with actuarial gains and losses on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans; environmental remediation costs, fines, penalties and related insurance recoveries related to facilities no longer owned or closed in prior years; gains and losses on the divestiture of operating businesses, joint ventures and equity investments; gains and losses on facility or property sales or dispositions; results of litigation, fines or penalties, where such litigation (or action relating to the fines or penalties) arose prior to the commencement of the performance period; one-time, non-recurring items; the effect of changes in accounting principles or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results; and tax adjustments. Tax adjustments include the net tax expense/benefit from one-time income tax items, the set-up or reversal of uncertain tax position reserves and deferred income tax valuation allowance adjustments.