

#### STAN-TONE DB-108417 GRAY

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### STAN-TONE DB-108417 GRAY

## **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS product identifier** : STAN-TONE DB-108417 GRAY

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20050649

**Product type** : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Supplier's details : AVIENT CORPORATION

1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon,

Ohio USA 44646

1 330 837 8679

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

## Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS** label elements



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Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : May cause cancer.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

**Precautionary statements** 

Not applicable.

**Prevention**: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

Keep container tightly closed.

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves,

protective clothing and eye or face protection.

**Response**: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20050649

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 25 - <= 50	13463-67-7
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	>= 10 - <= 25	8007-18-9
Quartz	> 0 - <= 0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has

been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as

a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended

exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended

exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms



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**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical powder.

Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a

potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-

fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-

exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated



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in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-

proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor.

Large spill : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-

proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get



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in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)	
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust	
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)	
	TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust	
	ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06)	
	TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles	
	TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles	



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Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	<b>OSHA PEL 1989</b> (1989-03-01) TWA 1 mg/m3 (as Ni)	
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 1 mg/m3 (as Ni)	
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)	
	TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust <b>OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)</b>	
	TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable	
	TWA 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable	
	OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)	
	TWA 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust	
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)	
	TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust	
	ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09)	
	TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction	
	OSHA PEL (2016-06-23)	
	TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust	

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to



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liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

Other skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks

involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

**Respiratory protection**: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : solid [Powder.]

Color : GREY

Odor:Not available.Odor threshold:Not available.pH:Not available.Melting point:Not available.Boiling point:Not available.Flash point:Not applicable.

Burning time: Not available.Burning rate: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.



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Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not applicable. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not applicable.

Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible

sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers

and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

products



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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Nickel antimony titanium	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
yellow rutile			
Ouartz (SiO2)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.



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#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended

exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended

exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract

irritation, coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Mixture. Not fully tested.

General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic



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respiratory irritation.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : Not available. **Developmental effects** : Not available.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

N/A

**Other information**: This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects.

Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the

individual components which comprise the mixture.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
		dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### **Mobility in soil**



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Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR : Not regulated for transportation. Ground/Air/Water

International Air ICAO/IATA

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.



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United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed Lead

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

**United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):** Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)

Lead

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

**United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:** 

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

**Substances** 

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

**Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** 

Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** 

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed



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#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	<b>%</b>	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 25 - <= 50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Nickel antimony titanium yellow rutile	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Quartz (SiO2)	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - inhalation - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

#### **SARA 313**

#### Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)	8007-18-9	>= 10 - < 30
Manganese ferrite black spinel (C.I. Pigment Black 26)	68186-94-7	>= 10 - < 30
Lead	7439-92-1	>= 0 - < 0.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations** 

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide Calcium carbonate

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)



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Calcium carbonate

Quartz

**Pennsylvania**: The following components are listed:

Titanium dioxide

Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment Yellow 53)

Manganese ferrite black spinel (C.I. Pigment Black 26)

Calcium carbonate

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable
		dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
Nickel antimony yellow rutile (C.I. Pigment	-	-
Yellow 53)		
Quartz	-	-

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : All components are active or exempted.

Canada inventory : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

#### **International regulations**

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components

are listed in NDSL.

**China** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory:** Not determined.

**Japan**: **Japan inventory** (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.

**United States** : All components are active or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.



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## **Section 16. Other information**

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**

Health	*	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**History** 

Date of printing: 03/02/2024Date of issue/Date of revision: 03/01/2024Date of previous issue: 00/00/0000

Version : 1.0

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

 $MARPOL = International \ Convention \ for \ the \ Prevention \ of \ Pollution \ From$ 

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

#### Notice to reader

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