#### CORE™ M3057 PMS 354 GREEN

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

CORETM M3057 PMS 354 GREEN

Section 1. Identification			
GHS product identifier	:	CORE™ M3057 PMS 354 GREEN	
Chemical name	:	Mixture	
CAS number	:	Mixture	
Other means of identification	:	FO20049689	
Product type	:	liquid	
Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance	e or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.	
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known. Not available.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20049689

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,	>= 10 - <= 25	68515-48-0
C9-rich		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>= 1 - <= 3	64742-47-8
Proprietary Hazardous Compounds	>= 0.3 - < 1	Not available.
Titanium dioxide	>= 0.3 - <= 1	13463-67-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

#### There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

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concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **Section 4. First aid measures**

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact Inhalation	<ul><li>Causes eye irritation.</li><li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li></ul>

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Skin contact Ingestion	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attentio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $CO_2$ . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

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Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment	nt ar	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

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Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10- branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	None.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (2003-01-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 200 mg/m3 (Calculated as total hydrocarbon vapor)
Proprietary Hazardous Compounds	None.
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3

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Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	GREEN
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	<b>Dynamic:</b> Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time		Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density	•	
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration		Not available.
	-	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Prolonged heating may result in product degradation. As a general rule of thumb, degradation begins to occur after one hour at 177 °C (350 °F), after 10 minutes at 204 °C (400 °F), and within 5 minutes at 232 °C (450 °F). Do not use this pigment in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F). Decomposition of diarylide pigments in polymers at temperatures over 200°C (392°F) may produce trace amounts of monoazo dyes, which in turn can decompose to produce aromatic amines. The amount and type of degradation products formed depend on the dwell time, formulation and processing conditions as well as temperature. As conditions become more severe, as when temperatures move into the 240-300°C (464-572°F) range, trace quantities of 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine can be generated. 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine is classified as a suspect carcinogen by NTP and IARC, is classified as Acute Toxicity category 4 and Carcinogen Category 1B according to 1272/2008EC (CLP), and is regulated by OSHA as a suspect carcinogen. In order to avoid the generation of and exposure to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, do not use diarylide pigments in polymers when temperatures exceed 200°C (392°F). Handle with
		care. Organic dusts have the potential to be explosive with static spark or flame initiation.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

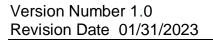
Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-	
Titanium oxide (TiO2)					
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h	
	Dusts and mists				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

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#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested. ot fully tested. ot fully tested.			
<b>Sensitization</b>					
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory		ot fully tested. ot fully tested.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<b>Classification</b>					
<b>Product/ingredient name</b> Titanium oxide (TiO2)	OSHAIARC-2B	- NT	P		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
<b>Teratogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.			
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	y (single exposure)				
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	y (repeated exposure)				
Aspiration hazard					

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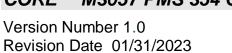


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Name		Result		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated li	ight	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	:	Causes eye irritation.		
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the physical, cl	hemi	ical and toxicological characteristics		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering,		
Inhalation		redness No specific data.		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness		
Ingestion	:	No specific data.		
Delayed and immediate effects and a	also o	chronic effects from short and long term exposure		
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects		Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.		
Potential chronic health effects				
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when		
		subsequently exposed to very low levels.		
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Numerical measures of toxicity				

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#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
CORE™ M3057 PMS 354 GREEN	N/A	N/A	N/A	791.4 Mg/l	N/A
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	10,000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	N/A	N/A	N/A	11 Mg/l	N/A
Proprietary Hazardous Compounds	500 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l

#### **Other information**

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

# Section 12. Ecological information

:

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotro	eated light		
	Acute LC50 2.2 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 h
	water		
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
		dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

:

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#### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-	8.8	3.00	low
10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich			

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.	
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

:

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

## Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

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International Air : Consult mode specific transport rules ICAO/IATA

International Water IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemica of the components are listed.</li> <li>United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Tes Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-b</li> </ul>	t Rules: Listed 1,2-
	United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Prio United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority r United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final sig listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Propose Listed 4-Nonylphenol, branched	test rules: Not listed isk review: Not listed gnificant new use rules: Not
	United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substance United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk m United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed ris United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Fu United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Prelimina (PAIR): Listed (2-Methoxymethylet 4-Nonylphenol, branched	anagement: Not listed sk management: Not listed l risk rules: Not listed urane precusor: Not listed l Data Reporting (CDR): Not ary assessment report
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significan Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health an United States - EPA Clean water act ( pollutants: Listed 2-Ethylhexanoic Phenol Phthalocyanine green Vinyl chloride monomer	nd safety studies: Not listed (CWA) section 307 - Priority
	United States - EPA Clean water act Hazardous substances: Listed	(CWA) section 311 -

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		United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
<b>DEA List II Chemicals (Essential</b>	:	Not listed

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

**Chemicals**)

Classification

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	>= 10 - <= 25	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>= 1 - <= 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Proprietary Hazardous Compounds	>= 0.3 - < 1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 0.3 - <= 1	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

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Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate Titanium dioxide
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed:
		Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate
		Titanium dioxide

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10branched alkyl esters, C9-rich, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-	Yes.	-
branched alkyl esters, C9-rich		
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
<u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.

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## **Section 16. Other information**

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<b>History</b>		
Date of printing	:	02/01/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/31/2023
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

# **ÄVIENT**

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