

CORE™ DB5622A BLACK TEXTURE 80A NP

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

CORETM DB5622A BLACK TEXTURE 80A NP

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : CORE™ DB5622A BLACK TEXTURE 80A NP

Chemical name: MixtureCAS number: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20048268Product type: liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details : AVIENT CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Not applicable.

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear

protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection.

Response: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Chemical name : Mixture Other means of identification : FO20048268

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|--------------|------------|
| 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1,3-penytanediol diisobutyrate | >= 1 - <= 3 | 6846-50-0 |
| Silica, cristobalite | >= 1 - <= 3 | 14464-46-1 |
| Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy | >= 1 - <= 3 | 64742-48-9 |
| Carbon black | > 0 - <= 0.3 | 1333-86-4 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.



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Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim

to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms



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Eye contact No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

No specific treatment. **Specific treatments**

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

> suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity



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fighters

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any

personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Environmental precautions

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note

of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the

product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate

waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency

contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage



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Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| 2,4,4-Trimethyl-1,3-penytanediol diisobutyrate | None. |
| Silica, cristobalite | OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 250 MPPCF / 2 x (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 30 MG /M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) |



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| | TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL (2016-06-23) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust |
|--|---|
| Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy | None. |
| Carbon black | OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m³ ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction |

Appropriate engineering controls : If us

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

16001

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection



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Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

liquid [liquid] Physical state Color **BLACK** Not available. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. pН Not available. **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.





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octanol/water

Not available. **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature SADT** Not available.

Viscosity **Dynamic:** Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion Not available.

Not available. **Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time** Not available.

equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -Not available.

Deflagration density

Flame height Not available. Flame duration Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers **Incompatible materials**

during processing.

Hazardous decomposition Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name Result | | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---|---------|-------------|----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum | | | | |
| fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers | | | | |
| predominantly in the range of C | predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to | | | |
| 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F). | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6,000 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation | Rat | 8.5 Mg/l | 4 h |



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| | Vapor | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-----|--------------|---|
| Carbon black | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 15,400 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|
| Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 504 hrs | - |
| 1,1'-[2,2-dimethyl-1-(1- | | | | | |
| methylethyl)-1,3- | | | | | |
| propanediyl] ester | | | | | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Guinea | - | | - |
| | | pig | | | |

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|
| Cristobalite | - | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| Carbon black | - | 2B | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity



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Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a | |
| petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a | |
| catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon | |
| numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 | |
| and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to | |
| 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F). | |

Information on the likely routes of : Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available.Potential delayed effects: Not available.



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Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral | Dermal | Inhalation (gases) | Inhalation (vapors) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CORE™ DB5622A BLACK TEXTURE 80A NP | 91,699.4 mg/kg | 91,699.4 mg/kg | N/A | 779.6 Mg/l | N/A |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F). | 6,000 mg/kg | N/A | N/A | 8.5 Mg/l | N/A |
| Carbon black | 15,400 mg/kg | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |



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Other information: This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects.

Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the

individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Carbon black | | | |
| | Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 h |

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|------------------|-----------|
| Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1'-[2,2- | - | 5,340.00 | high |
| dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-1,3- | | | |
| propanediyl] ester | | | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | - | 10.00 - 2,500.00 | high |
| heavy A complex combination of | | | |
| hydrocarbons obtained by treating a | | | |
| petroleum fraction with hydrogen in | | | |
| the presence of a catalyst. It consists | | | |
| of hydrocarbons having carbon | | | |
| numbers predominantly in the range | | | |
| of C6 through C13 and boiling in the | | | |
| range of approximately 65.degree.C to | | | |
| 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to | | | |
| 446.degree.F). | | | |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Not available.

(KOC)



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Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

International Air ICAO/IATA

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: The following components are listed: 1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic

acid, 1-butyl 2-(phenylmethyl) ester

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed



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United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Listed 1,2-Cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid, 1-butyl 2-(phenylmethyl) ester

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Zinc stearate

Vinvl chloride monomer

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)



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not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|---|--------------|--|
| Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1'-[2,2-dimethyl-1-(1- methylethyl)-1,3- propanediyl] ester | >= 1 - <= 3 | TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 |
| Cristobalite | >= 1 - <= 3 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C6 through C13 and boiling in the range of approximately 65.degree.C to 230.degree.C (149.degree.F to 446.degree.F). | >= 1 - <= 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Carbon black | > 0 - <= 0.3 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.New Jersey: The following components are listed:

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer

Calcium carbonate Silica, cristobalite Carbon black





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The following components are listed: Pennsylvania

Calcium carbonate

Silica, cristobalite

Carbon black

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Silica, cristobalite, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

| Ingredient name | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Silica, cristobalite | - | - |
| Carbon black | - | - |

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Canada inventory Not determined.

International regulations

Inventory list

Australia Not determined. Not determined. Canada China Not determined. **Europe inventory** Not determined. Japan Not determined. **New Zealand** Not determined. **Philippines** Not determined. Republic of Korea Not determined. Taiwan Not determined. Turkey Not determined.

United States All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health | * | 0 |
|------------------|---|---|
| Flammability | | 0 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |
| _ | | |



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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

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