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### **STAN-TONE HCC- P-LAGOON**

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **STAN-TONE HCC- P-LAGOON**

Section 1. Identificati	ion	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	::	STAN-TONE HCC- P-LAGOON Mixture Mixture FO20044057 liquid
Relevant identified uses of the sub	ostance	e or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	POLYONE CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
		1 330 837 8679
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

# Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **GHS label elements**

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Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger Causes eye irritation. May cause cancer.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20044057

#### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	25 - 50	68515-49-1
Titanium dioxide	5 - 10	13463-67-7
Quartz	0 - 0.3	14808-60-7



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Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the

concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact Inhalation	:	Causes eye irritation. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical atte	ntio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Firefighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or $\rm CO_2$ . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials:



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decomposition products	carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containing	nent a	nd cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste
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disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)



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Titanium dioxide   Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)   Appropriate engineering controls   Environmental exposure controls   :   Individual protection measures	TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust <b>OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03)</b> TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable TWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust <b>NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)</b> TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust <b>ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09)</b> TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction <b>OSHA PEL (2016-06-23)</b> TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)</b> TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust <b>OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)</b> TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust <b>ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)</b> TWA 10 mg/m3 None. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)   Appropriate engineering controls :   Environmental exposure controls :	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust <b>OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)</b> TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust <b>ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18)</b> TWA 10 mg/m3 None. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Appropriate engineering controls : Environmental exposure controls :	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Environmental exposure controls :	enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Individual protection measures	recommended or statutory limits. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures:Eye/face protection:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to
	products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the e of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

#### Skin protection



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Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	:	liquid [Paste.]
Color	:	BLUE
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.

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Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
-		Kinematic: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxic	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxic	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxic	No applicable toxicity data				
Titanium dioxide						
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxic	city data				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-		
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed is	omers)					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	60,000 mg/kg	-		
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxic	No applicable toxicity data				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16,000 mg/kg	-		

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**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild	Human		72 hrs	-
	irritant				
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed	Eyes - Mild	Rabbit			-
isomers)	irritant				
Conclusion/Summary			1		
Skin		lixture.Not full			
Eyes		lixture.Not full			
Respiratory	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
<b>Sensitization</b>					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin		lixture.Not full			
Respiratory	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
<b><u>Classification</u></b>			-		
Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
name					
Quartz		1	Known t	to be a human carc	inogen.
Titanium dioxide		2B			
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: M	lixture.Not full	y tested.		
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	y (single exposu	<u>re)</u>			
Specific target organ toxicit	y (repeated exp	osure)			



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Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz	Category 1		
Aspiration hazard Not available.			
Information on likely routes exposure	of : Not availa	ble.	
Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: Causes eye	e irritation.	
Inhalation		significant effects or criti	cal hazards.
Skin contact		significant effects or criti	
Ingestion	: No known	significant effects or criti	cal hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical sector of the sector of t	sical, chemical and toxi	cological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse sy	mptoms may include the	following:
-	irritation		-
	watering		
	redness	•	
Inhalation	: No specific		
Skin contact Ingestion	No specific No specific		
ingestion	. No specific	, uata.	
Delayed and immediate effec	ts as well as chronic eff	ects from short and long	<u>-term exposure</u>
Short term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not availa	ble.	
Potential delayed effects	Not availa		
U AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA			
Long term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not availa		
Potential delayed effects	Not availal		
i otentiai aciayea enectis			
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.N	ot fully tested.	
General	: No known	significant effects or criti	cal hazards.
Carcinogenicity			ppends on duration and level of
	exposure.		•
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Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	169,503 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure			
Quartz	•		· •			
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data					
invertebrates.:						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data					
plants:						
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data	No applicable toxicity data				
<b>Remarks - Chronic -</b>	No applicable toxicity data					
Aquatic invertebrates.:						
Titanium dioxide			-			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine	Fish - Fish	96 h			
	water					
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	Acute	-				
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h			
		Crustaceans				
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute					
invertebrates.:			-1			
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates. Daphnia	48 h			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute					
invertebrates.:						
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data					
plants:						
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data					
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data					
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Aquatic invertebrates.:	
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed is	omers)
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data
invertebrates.:	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data
plants:	
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data
Aquatic invertebrates.:	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	8.8	0.10	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC) Other adverse effects		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other adverse effects	•	No known significant effects of critical hazarus.

:

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty

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containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

# Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None
		of the components are listed.
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not
		listed
		United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:
		Not listed
		United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not
		determined
		United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report
		(PAIR): Not listed
		United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):
		Not listed

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		United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine green Phthalocyanine Blue
		United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed
2(b) (HAPs)	:	Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Not listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals) DEA List II Chemicals (Essential		Not listed
Chemicals)	•	i tot libiou

#### US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed	>= 25 - <= 50	Immediate (acute) health hazard
isomers)		
Titanium dioxide	>= 5 - <= 10	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Quartz	> 0 - <= 0.3	Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### SARA 313

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Not applicable.

<u>State regulations</u> Massachusetts New York	:	None of the components are listed. None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Quartz Phthalocyanine green Phthalocyanine Blue Titanium dioxide Calcium carbonate
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Quartz
		Phthalocyanine green
		Calcium carbonate
		Titanium dioxide
		Phthalocyanine Blue

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Quartz	No.	No.
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	No.	Yes.
Titanium dioxide	No.	No.

Titanium dioxide		No.	No.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or	exempted.
Canada inventory	:	At least one component is no are listed in NDSL.	t listed in DSL but all such components
International regulations			
Inventory list			
Australia	:	All components are listed or	exempted.
Canada	:	At least one component is no	ot listed in DSL but all such components
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## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	1
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

Date of printing	:	12/06/2018
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Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
-		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations

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## STAN-TONE HCC- P-LAGOON

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References

Not available.

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Notice to reader

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