BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 1 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

SAFETY DATA SHEET

BABY BLUE

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	BABY BLUE Mixture CC10338385 liquid
Relevant identified uses of the sub-	stance	or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION ColorMatrix Group Inc. 680 North Rocky River Drive, Berea, Ohio, 44017-1628, USA
		+1 216 622 0100
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

GHS label elements

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

AVIENT

Page 2 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements		
	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON
_		SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

:

:

:

Substance/mixture Chemical name Other means of identification Mixture Mixture CC10338385

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 25 - <= 50	13463-67-7
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	>= 10 - <= 25	Not available.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

ÀVIENT

Page 3 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		3/16

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 4 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Ingestion	:	irritation redness No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical at	tentio	n and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO_2 . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		madequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

BABY BLUE



Version Number 1.0	Page 5 of 16
Revision Date 12/20/2021	Print Date 12/21/2021

For emergency responders Environmental precautions	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for contain	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 6 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	None.

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid analyses mixture or durate is marked in provide the
		liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

ÀVIENT

Page 7 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical produif a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use t the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	cts hat
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected base on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	t
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling the product.	S
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator t meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting training and other important aspects of use	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid
Color	:	BLUE
Odor	:	Faint odor.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

ÀVIENT

Page 8 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Solubility in water	:	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
		NT / 1111
Flame duration	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from strong acids. Oxidizer.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists		_	

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

ÀVIENT

Page 9 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Γ					Γ	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		> 5,000 mg/kg	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Miz	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin		xture.Not fully				
Eyes Respiratory		xture.Not fully xture.Not fully				
Respiratory	• 1011	xture.rvot runy	tested.			
<u>Sensitization</u>						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin		xture.Not fully				
Respiratory	: Mi	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Mutagenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Mi	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Mi	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-			
Reproductive toxicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Mi	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Teratogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	: Mi	xture.Not fully	tested.			
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	(single exposure	<u>e)</u>				
Specific target organ toxicity Not available.	(repeated expos	ure)				
Aspiration hazard						
Name		Re	sult]
		10				

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

ÀVIENT

Page 10 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Miscellaneous Compounds Distillate hydrotreated middle	es, petroleum,	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not avail	lable.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: No know	n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation		n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact		kin irritation.		
Ingestion	: No know	n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the physical,	chemical and to	xicological characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse	symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,		
	watering,			
Inhalation	: No specif	fic data.		
Skin contact	: Adverse	symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness		
Ingestion		No specific data.		
Delaved and immediate effects and	l also chronic eff	ects from short and long term exposure		
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not avail	lable.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not avail	Not available.		
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: Not avail	lable.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not avail	able.		
Potential chronic health effects				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.	Not fully tested.		
General	: No know	n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Carcinogenicity	: No know	n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity		n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity		n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Developmental effects		n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects		n significant effects or critical hazards.		
Numerical measures of toxicity				
Acute toxicity estimates				

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021 Page 11 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

ÄVIENT

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
BABY BLUE	157,606.1 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	49.5 Mg/l	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	N/A	N/A	N/A	11 Mg/l	N/A

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

:

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
		dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021

AVIENT

Page 12 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

<u>Mobility in soil</u>

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Not classified as dangerous goods under transport regulations.

Section 15. Regulatory information

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- : United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification: None

12/16

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 13 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Phthalocyanine Blue **Zinc stearate** United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances		
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II	:	Not listed
Substances		
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 14 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 25 - <= 50	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Miscellaneous Compounds Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	>= 10 - <= 25	ACUTE TOXICITY - inhalation - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	: 1	None of the components are listed.
New York	: 1	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:]	The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
Pennsylvania		The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide

:

Aluminum hydroxide

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Inventory list

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 15 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

Date of printing	:	12/21/2021
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	12/20/2021
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.
		15/16

BABY BLUE

Version Number 1.0 Revision Date 12/20/2021



Page 16 of 16 Print Date 12/21/2021

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.