SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE VC-15963 PORT

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : STAN-TONE VC-15963 PORT
Chemical name : Mixture
CAS number : Mixture
Other means of identification : CC00039349
Product type : solid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details : POLYONE CORPORATION
33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident). CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status : While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

Classification of the substance or mixture : Not classified.
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>30 - 60</td>
<td>12656-85-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>1309-64-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>1333-86-4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical
Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation**: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: No specific data.

**Inhalation**: No specific data.

**Skin contact**: No specific data.

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

- No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

- May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).
- Decomposition products may include the following materials:
  - Carbon dioxide
  - Carbon monoxide
  - Nitrogen oxides
  - Sulfur oxides
  - Halogenated compounds
  - Metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

- Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

- Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

- No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

- If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions:

- Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill:

- Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill:

- Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency
contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

**Section 7. Handling and storage**

**Precautions for safe handling**

- **Protective measures**: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- **Advice on general occupational hygiene**: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) Calculated as Mo&lt;br&gt;PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m³ Form: Total dust&lt;br&gt;OSHA PEL (2006-11-27) Calculated as Cr&lt;br&gt;PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.005 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;OSHA PEL Z2 (2006-11-27)&lt;br&gt;Ceiling 0.001 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;NIOSH REL (2010-09-01) Calculated as Cr&lt;br&gt;Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.0002 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.5 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as CrO3&lt;br&gt;Ceiling 0.1 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Pb&lt;br&gt;PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.075 mg/m³&lt;br&gt;OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Mo&lt;br&gt;PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m³ Form: Total dust</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Cr
PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.5 mg/m3

ACGIH TLV (1995-05-23) Calculated as Pb
TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
Permissible Exposure Level 0.05 mg/m3

ACGIH TLV (2001-02-22) Calculated as Mo
TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
Permissible Exposure Level 10 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
Permissible Exposure Level 3 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction

Antimony trioxide

ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)

OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) Calculated as Sb
PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.5 mg/m3

NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Calculated as Sb
Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.5 mg/m3

OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) Calculated as Sb
PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 0.5 mg/m3

Carbon black

OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3

OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 3.5 mg/m3

NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
Time Weighted Average (TWA) 3.5 mg/m3

Time Weighted Average (TWA)
ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL:
Permissible Exposure Level 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to
remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection**: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>solid [Pellets.]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>RED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning time</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burning rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</td>
<td><strong>Lower</strong>: Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>34,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>15,400 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.
Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Skin: Mixture. Not fully tested.
- Eyes: Mixture. Not fully tested.
- Respiratory: Mixture. Not fully tested.

Sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Skin: Mixture. Not fully tested.
- Respiratory: Mixture. Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Mixture. Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Mixture. Not fully tested.

**Classification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>+</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td></td>
<td>2B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td></td>
<td>2B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Mixture. Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary**
- Mixture. Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
- Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
- Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Information on the likely routes of exposure:

Not available.

Potential acute health effects:

- **Eye contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Inhalation:** Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- **Skin contact:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Ingestion:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

- **Eye contact:** No specific data.
- **Inhalation:** No specific data.
- **Skin contact:** No specific data.
- **Ingestion:** No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

**Short term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects:** Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- **Potential immediate effects:** Not available.
- **Potential delayed effects:** Not available.

**Potential chronic health effects**

- **Conclusion/Summary:** Mixture. Not fully tested.
- **General:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Carcinogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Mutagenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Teratogenicity:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Developmental effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Fertility effects:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**
**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>Acute LC50 80,000 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Fathead minnow</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 530 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Bluegill</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 1,000,000 µg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Fish - Mummichog</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 423,450 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic invertebrates. Water flea</td>
<td>48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 730 µg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Green algae</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 4.15 mg/l Marine water</td>
<td>Aquatic plants - Diatom</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**STAN-TONE VC-15963 PORT**

**Remarks - Acute - Aquatic invertebrates.:** Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

**Conclusion/Summary:** Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

#### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary:** Chemicals are not readily available as they are bound within the polymer matrix.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogPow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,600.00</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Mobility in soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) : Not available.
Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.
ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules
IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed
United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Listed Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:
Listed Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order:  Not listed
United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management:  Listed
Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)

United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management:  Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules:  Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precursor:  Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR):  Not determined
United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR):  Listed Quinacridone (C.I. Pigment Violet 19)
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(4-nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-,branched

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):  Not listed
United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies:  Not listed
United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants:  Listed Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)
Antimony trioxide
2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt
Phenol
Vinyl chloride monomer

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances:  Listed
United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances:  Not listed
United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances:  Not listed
United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:  Not listed

Clean Air Act  Section 112(b) :  Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) :  Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances :  Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances :  Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) :  Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)
not applicable

SARA 311/312
Classification : Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>30 - 60</td>
<td>CH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>AH, CH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>CH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form R - Reporting requirements</th>
<th>Product name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>12656-85-8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Barium</td>
<td>7440-39-3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>1309-64-4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aluminum oxide</td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier notification</td>
<td>Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)</td>
<td>12656-85-8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Barium</td>
<td>7440-39-3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Antimony trioxide</td>
<td>1309-64-4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aluminum oxide</td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations
Massachusetts : The following components are listed:
Barium
Antimony trioxide
Aluminum oxide

New York : The following components are listed:
Antimony trioxide

New Jersey : The following components are listed:
Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer
Barium
Antimony trioxide
Aluminum oxide
Carbon black

Pennsylvania

The following components are listed:
Molybdate orange (Lead chromate pigment)
Barium
Antimony trioxide
Aluminum oxide
Carbon black

California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)
All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory
All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists
Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
EINECS: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Korea inventory: Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule I Chemicals: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule II Chemicals: Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention
List Schedule III Chemicals: Not listed

Section 16. Other information
History
Date of printing : 09/03/2014
Date of issue/Date of revision : 08/29/2014
Date of previous issue : 03/13/2014
Version : 1.5
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution
From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
pollution)
UN = United Nations
References : Not available.

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